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Develop Israel with Israel Bonds

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B-G Meets Today With de Gaulle

By MAURICE CARR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS. — Mr. Ben-Gurion arrived here yesterday evening from London, fresh-looking and smiling, to declare in French his conviction that his talks today with the "prestigious President de Gaulle" and Premier Debre will be "useful and fruitful."

Stepping down from the El Al Britannia, the Israel Prime Minister was welcomed by the Chief of Protocol as well as by his Deputy Defence Minister Shimon Peres, Ambassador Walter Eytan, other members of the Embassy staff, and leaders of the local Jewish community.

On hand to greet him and Mrs. Ben-Gurion in the distinguished visitors' reception hall was a group of small children waving little French and Israel flags. They were members of an Algerian Jewish family who had come to say *Shalom* to the Israel Prime Minister and to present a bouquet of flowers to Mrs. Ben-Gurion.

Mr. Ben-Gurion made the following statement on his arrival:

"I am very happy to find myself on the soil of France again.

"I have kept the best memories of my visit last year. I am particularly happy to renew personal relations with your prestigious chief, General de Gaulle. I shall have the honour of being received by the President tomorrow and the same day I shall have the pleasure of meeting Premier Michel Debre.

"After my conversations in Canada, the U.S. and Britain, I am convinced that the talks I will have in France with General de Gaulle and the Premier will be useful and fruitful.

"I wish to use this occasion to bring to the French people a message of friendship from the people of Israel. I rejoice at the close bonds uniting our two peoples and I congratulate myself on the full understanding which we always met with the leaders of this great country. Long live France. Long live Israel."

At Bristol Hotel

White-gloved police outriders cleared the way for the visitors' motorcade which drove off at high speed to their Paris residence, the Bristol Hotel, which is just across the road from the Elysees Palace where Mr. and Mrs. Ben-Gurion are lunching today with President de Gaulle.

Last night they were due to attend a banquet given by Mr. Eytan for 30 former French Ministers and other notables who are veteran friends of Israel.

Mr. Ben-Gurion will be joined here today by his Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, who is due in Paris in the morning after a tour of Scandinavian countries and Iceland. He will confer with her at the Embassy before his talks with President de Gaulle.

In the afternoon, he will meet with M. Debre and be his guest to dinner. His only other engagement is a meeting with leaders of the Jewish community in the evening.

He flies home tomorrow. Mrs. Meir is to stay here until Friday.

In a statement before he left London, Mr. Ben-Gurion said:

"My stay was of course of a purely private nature, and I greatly enjoyed my rest in the beautiful English countryside, and also the opportunity to browse around for books in Oxford.

"On the day of my arrival I had brief, friendly conversations with the Prime Minister, Mr. Macmillan, and the Foreign Secretary, Lord Home. Our talks, at which problems of mutual interest were discussed, were held in a cordial atmosphere.

"It was with a feeling of special satisfaction that I paid a call on Sir Winston Churchill, whom I consider to be one of the greatest statesmen of our time. I had occasion to correspond with Sir Winston in previous years but this was the first time that we have met in person and I enjoyed our conversation."

'Hard Labour' In Canada and U.S.

By LEA BEN DOR, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

LONDON.—"I never worked so hard in my life as in Canada and New York," Mr. Ben-Gurion said here yesterday. He was speaking during an hour-long session with leading British Zionists at London Airport prior to leaving for Paris.

Sir Barnett Janner, M.P., speaking on behalf of the group, told the Prime Minister of the appreciation of "Jews and non-Jews" of Israel's great work. Mr. Ben-Gurion replied with a smile, "I know something of this."

Telling with great warmth of his experiences in Canada, he asked the group whether they could muster 4,000 persons for a meeting in London to be conducted in Hebrew. This started an animated debate among the whole group who also comprised Mr. Jacob Halevy, Jerusalem-born chairman of the English Zionist Federation; Mr. Israel Sieff, and Sir Simon Marks.

Mr. Ben-Gurion described to them his pleasure at meeting Sir Winston Churchill, who had given him a copy of his book "Thoughts and Adventures," which includes his essay on Moses. Sir Winton had appended a note saying this was "not one of my best."

Mrs. Meir Hails Danish Labour

COPENHAGEN (Reuter). — Mrs. Golda Meir said here yesterday that there was nothing that divides Israeli labour from Danish labour, or the Israeli people from the Danish people.

The Israel Foreign Minister was speaking on behalf of Mapai at a rally held by the Danish labour movement, to mark Constitution Day.

Mass Roundups in Paris After 10 Die in Gunfights

PARIS (Reuter). — Security police launched a large-scale investigation and mass screening operations among the Moslem population here yesterday after 10 men died in the biggest insurgent street battle with Paris police since the Algerian war began.

A parallel probe was being made by military police in army units stationed in the Paris area, because Moslems in the French armed forces took part in the attacks for the first time.

Police said about 20 Algerians, including 10 to 12 Moslem soldiers, were involved in five attacks against Paris police early in the day. Ten "insurgent commandoes," including six Algerians in the French Army were killed.

Police captured 10 Algerians. Eight policemen and three Algerians were wounded.

Bullets streaked over the heads of late travellers as police cornered raiders at the Metro station of Bonne Nouvelle in a "wild west" style gun duel, in which three insurgents were shot on the steps.

Around 4 a.m. the last survivor of the raids was traced to a hotel in the city centre. Traffic was halted over a wide area as firemen and police surrounded the building. The trapped Moslem, called upon to surrender, replied by hurling a hand grenade. After an exchange of fire, police holding steel shields stormed into the building and shot him dead.

The shooting here has thrown a shadow over the Algerian peace talks which are due to resume at Evian today.

ZANZIBAR RULER SHOWS FORCE

ZANZIBAR (Reuter). — The whole island of Zanzibar, scene of rioting following last week's election, would be placed under a dusk-to-dawn curfew as of last night, Mr. P.A.P. Robertson, Chief Secretary, said yesterday. He described the situation as "quiet but still dangerous."

The arrival of 750 troops had made it possible to widen the original Zanzibar town curfew to cover the entire island, Mr. Robertson said. The "people would be made to realise by force that this" trouble must stop," he declared.

The death roll had mounted to 57 by noon yesterday.

Eichmann Court In Recess Next Week

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Eichmann trial court will recess for a week on Friday, Justice Landau, President of the three-man panel of judges, announced.

The prosecution expects to wind up its case this week, and the recess is to allow Dr. Robert Servatius, Eichmann's defence counsel, more time to prepare his case.

Dr. Servatius in the past has intimated that Eichmann will testify. If so, the accused will probably mount the witness stand on June 19. He may either read a prepared statmeat or testify. In the latter case, he will be cross-examined.

During yesterday's proceedings evidence was heard on the Maidanek, Sobibor and Chelmno death camp.

Two of the three sole survivors of Chelmno testified yesterday. The third, Mr. Michael Servanik, who is also in Israel, will take the stand today.

The prosecution will then present several witnesses on the Treblinka death camp and documents concerning the Belzec camp. No Jew is known to have survived the latter camp.

(Reports of trial — Page 3)

PARATROOP MAJOR GETS 10 YEARS

PARIS (Reuter).—Major Joseph Denoix de Saint Marc, who led the first paratroop regiment of the Foreign Legion which spear-headed the army *putsch* in Algeria last April, was last night sentenced to 10 years imprisonment

ARMED ROBBERY AT HERZLIYA BANK

Two armed men held up the Herzliya Halva'a Vehiachon branch bank last night and made away with more than IL5,000.

The robbery occurred shortly after 8 p.m., when the cashier, Mr. Hanan Shatkin, 45, was preparing to close the bank. He told the police that he felt a pistol in his back and turned to find two masked men, aged about 20. One kept him covered with the pistol while the other helped himself to the till.

Before leaving, Mr. Shatkin continued, they tied him up, gagged him and locked him in a back room. After they left, he crawled over to a window and managed to attract the attention of a passerby, Mr. Shmuel Morris, who called the police.

Road blocks were set up on all approaches to the Herzliya area. At the time of going to press, no trace of the robbers had been found.

JFK, Mac 'Fully Agree' on Need To Maintain Position in Berlin



Prime Minister **Macmillan reflectively rubs his eye as he escorts President Kennedy from Admiralty House after lunch yesterday.** (AP Radio Photo)

See Hope of Laos Solution

LONDON (Reuter). — President Kennedy and Premier Macmillan announced in a communique after a three-hour meeting yesterday their "full agreement on the necessity of maintaining the rights and obligations of the Allied Governments in Berlin."

The two statesmen also said they had "noted with satisfaction the agreement in Vienna (at the Kennedy-Khrushchev meeting) on the need for an effective ceasefire" in Laos.

They added that in their opinion this should lead to progress at the 14-nation conference in Geneva on the establishment of a neutral and independent Laos.

President Kennedy had flown here to brief Mr. Macmillan on his Vienna talks with the Soviet Prime Minister before returning to the U.S. late last night.

The communique said President Kennedy had reviewed the world situation with Mr. Macmillan in the light of the President's talks with President de Gaulle and Mr. Khrushchev.

"Their discussion... revealed once again the close agreement of the two governments in pursuing their common purposes."

It said, "particular attention was also given to the nuclear tests conference and to the question of disarmament."

Nato Briefed

In Paris yesterday, Secretary of State Dean Rusk briefed the Nato allies and President de Gaulle in Paris on results of the Kennedy-Khrushchev talks. Nato sources said Mr. Rusk's listeners got the impression his attitude was "rather pessimistic," but before leaving Paris last night Mr. Rusk told reporters the Vienna discussions were "most direct and helpful."

At a press conference after the Kennedy-Macmillan talks, at Admiralty House, Mr John Russell, head of the Foreign Office News Department, described the atmosphere at their meeting as "very serious, very friendly, in fact very good."

After the Admiralty House talks, President Kennedy drove to Westminster Cathedral, principal Roman Catholic church in Britain — to become a godfather.

About 5,000 persons watched Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy arrive at the Cathedral for the christening of eight-month-old Anna Christina Radziwill, daughter of Prince and Princess Radziwill. Princess Radziwill is Mrs. Kennedy's sister. *(Reuter, UPI)*

West Offers Draft Of Test-Ban Pact

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The U.S. yesterday published a draft treaty outlawing nuclear tests and reiterated Anglo-American willingness to sign such a document immediately with the Soviet Union at Geneva.

The State Department issued copies of the treaty in a bid to break the Geneva stalemate arising from Soviet insistence on a veto on the control of nuclear test-ban machinery.

The Department issued the 74-page treaty containing 24 articles and 3 annexes, without referring to the East-West deadlock on Russia's proposal to have the inspection caried out by a three-power veto-laden directorate.

(A number of the articles have already been adopted by the conference.)

The Western draft treaty proposed that control operations be undertaken by an international staff so constituted as to avoid "self-inspection."

The State Department said that the treaty, which was introduced by the U.S. and Britain on April 18, was the first of its kind to be put before the talks.

Gay But Reticent Khrushchev Welcomes Sukarno in Moscow

MOSCOW. — Mr. Khrushchev returned from Vienna yesterday looking fit and in good spirits — but he has said nothing here so far about his meeting with President Kennedy.

There was still no news last night whether he would make his customary report to the country on his travels abroad.

Moscow Radio reported the Prime Minister's return over a nation-wide hook-up and its commentator prophesied, "The cold war will give way to peace."

On leaving Vienna yesterday, Mr. Khrushchev said he hoped his week-end talks with President Kennedy would be "useful in establishing a permanent peace."

He was replying to farewell words from the Austrian President, Dr. Adolf Schaerf.

(Mr. Vyacheslav Molotov, former Soviet Foreign Minister, was also at the airport to see him off. He too was evidently in a good mood. Mr. Molotov is permanent Soviet representative of the International Atomic Energy Agency which has its headquarters in Vienna.)

Party and Government leaders and the Diplomatic Corps in full ceremonial dress welcomed Mr. Khrushchev, who wore a light grey suit and a battered-looking Panama hat.

There was a big crowd at Vnukovo airport, where Mr. Khrushchev remained 40 minutes to receive President Sukarno of Indonesia, arriving for an official visit.

One of the first to greet the Soviet Prime Minister was Mr. Frol Kozlov, First Deputy Premier, who has been ill and has not been seen in public for some weeks. He was bareheaded, suntanned and looked fully recovered.

Mapai Hits at Mapam For Report on Cabinet Arms Debate

Jerusalem Post Political Correspondent

During recent months Israel has turned down two formal requests by Portugal for light arms — submachineguns and mortars — authoritative Defence Ministry circles stated yesterday.

There were also numerous other requests in the past year for arms purchases by various other countries, mainly Latin American, most of which had also been turned down following consultations between the Ministries of Defence and Foreign Affairs.

Meanwhile, Mapai Ministers strongly criticized yesterday's report in "Al Hamishmar," the Mapam organ, of Sunday's Cabinet session which described the reply by Acting Prime Minister Levi Eshkol on the "Observer" report as "unsatisfactory."

The Mapam paper also gave a detailed report of the statement at the Cabinet session by Minister of Development Mordechai Bentov, demanding the resignation of Deputy Defence Minister Shimon Peres.

Mr. Bentov said that he doubted the reliability of information received by Mr. Eshkol from persons in charge of arms transactions.

He added that the reported arms transaction with Portugal was only a link in a chain of several other similar incidents that had a most embarrassing effect on Israel's international position, — and the chain led to Mr. Peres.

Both Mr. Eshkol and Labour Minister Giora Josephthal strongly defended Mr. Peres at the Cabinet session.

The Mapai ministers also took exception to the Mapam version which said that the Cabinet decisions approving Israel's arms sales had been adopted only by a majority of votes, pointing out that this is an obvious disregard of the agreement on the Cabinet's collective responsibility.

The Knesset Presidium is to rule on the urgeney of the various motions to the agenda on the arms deals only today, and some of the parties which submitted these motions may agree to withdraw them in view of the clear West German denial of the "Observer" report. It is learned that some leaders of the coalition parties are also of the opinion that the action taken on the basis of the "Observer" report had been premature.

State Dep't Seen Unhappy Over B-G's Cordial Talk with Kennedy

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, Jerusalem Post New York Correspondent

The State Department appears to be unhappy about Prime Minister Ben-Gurion's visit to the U.S. and the cordial conversation he had with President Kennedy.

About ten days before the meeting, the Department arranged for President Kennedy to send what has been described as "letters of goodwill" to the chiefs of state of the U.A.R., Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Jordan and Lebanon. King Saud is now reported to be organizing a meeting of Arab leaders to draft a joint reply.

Just before Mr. Ben-Gurion left the U.S. last Thursday evening, he told an airport press conference he had found a "large measure of agreement" with President Kennedy on the Arab refugee problem. That this had upset the Department's efforts to placate the Arabs became apparent as soon as Mr. Ben-Gurion's plane was off the ground, when Washington began feeding denials to the world press.

Your correspondent flew to London in Mr. Ben-Gurion's plane and then on to Vienna. By Friday morning the Austrian radio was broadcasting a distorted version of the State Department's story, asserting that Mr. Kennedy had proposed a means of settling the Arab refugee problem and Mr. Ben-Gurion had turned it down.

In fact the Ben-Gurion-Kennedy conversations covered much wider ground than the refugee problem: Mr. Ben-Gurion knew that the U.S. position on this question differed from his, and he was not there to argue over details but to give the American leader a clear picture of Israel's external problems.

The American position is—and they have said this time and again during the last dozen years—that they would like Israel to offer the refugees, or at least a certain number of them, the choice between repatriation and compensation. They assure the Israelis that only a small number will choose repatriation.

It is expected that the Americans will put forward a detailed three-point proposal at the next General Assembly—probably through the Palestine Conciliation Commission—which will be as follows:

1) Resettlement with compensation of most of the refugees in the countries in which they are now living;

2) Emigration of those refugees in crowded territories such as the Gaza Strip to other lands (including the Americas); and

3) Admission of a certain number to Israel.

It is doubtful that Mr. Kennedy put this detailed proposal to Mr. Ben-Gurion, though it is believed that Mr. Adlai Stevenson did so the next day. If it were put to him, Mr. Ben-Gurion might be expected to agree to two of the three points. This may be "the large measure of agreement" of which he spoke.

UAR Unions Appeal to Soviet Workers to Probe Radio 'Lies'

The UAR General Confederation of Labour yesterday appealed to Soviet workers to press for an inquiry into the "lying" Soviet propaganda campaign against the UAR and to insist on the punishment of those responsible, Cairo radio said.

The appeal followed Sunday's official comment issued by the Middle East News Agency accusing Soviet propaganda organs of an "organized campaign of slander against the UAR."

The radio said the UAR press attaché at the Embassy in Moscow had written to the director of the Moscow Radio's Arab section asking him to check the accuracy of reports before broadcasting.

The letter said the Soviet Ambassador was told the result of "continued broadcasting of lies" would not only be detrimental to the truth but would also worsen relations between the Soviet Union and the UAR.

The letter to the director of Moscow Radio's Arab section said the Soviet Ambassador "promised to study the matter" but that a week had passed without any reply from Moscow Radio.

On the contrary, it added, "the UAR Embassy's Press Office has noticed with regret that Moscow Radio switched from the subject of Riad al Turk (reported by Moscow Radio to have died in a UAR prison) to another matter which is two years old."

The General Confederation of Labour, condemning this "dark campaign," said in its statement it could achieve "nothing except the aims of imperialism."

Nasser to Cyprus

NICOSIA (Reuter). — Abdul Nasser will pay an official visit to Cyprus next autumn at the invitation of President Makarios, Cyprus Radio announced yesterday.

U.S. 'Toying' with Big-Boost Rockets

SACRAMENTO, California (Reuter). — American scientists are experimenting with high-powered sectional rockets which can be built up to 60 metres high like a set of child's building blocks, it was revealed yesterday.

The developers say with the technique they can build rockets 200 feet tall with a thrust of around two million pounds. The Soviet rocket which fired Major Yuri Gagarin into orbit, is estimated to have had a thrust of 1,800,000 pounds.

'Conscious Communists' May Be Tried in U.S.

WASHINGTON (UPI). — The Supreme Court ruled yesterday that the Communist Party must register all its officers and members with the Justice Department. The Court also upheld the Government's view that an individual may be prosecuted solely for being a Communist Party member, provided he knows the party's aims.

The court did so in upholding the Subversive Activities Control Act, 1950, and the "membership clause" of the 1940 Smith Anti-Communist Act. Both rulings were made by a 5-4 majority.

TRUJILLO FOE DIES IN GUN BATTLE

CIUDAD TRUJILLO, Dominican Republic (Reuter). — Ex-General Juan Tomas Diaz, alleged leader of the group who assassinated Dominican Dictator Rafael Trujillo last week, was shot dead in a machine-gun battle with security forces here on Sunday night. (Article — Page 4.)

QUAKES DESTROY ETHIOPIAN TOWN

ADDIS ABABA (AP). — A six-day series of earthquakes wrecked all the houses in the town of Kara-Kore, 145 kms. north of Addis Ababa, reports reaching here said yesterday.

No casualties were reported.

B.O.?

With deep sorrow we announce the death of the head of our family, the beloved

NATHAN BENDAS

The funeral cortege will leave from his home in Karkur at 5 p.m., today, Tuesday, June 6, 1961.

THE BEREAVED FAMILY

The Israel Institute for Biological Research
Nes Ziona
mourns the untimely death of

Prof. Ludwik Fleck

prominent scientist and beloved personality.

The funeral cortege will leave the Institute today at 11 a.m.

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Social & Personal

President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday entertained at lunch the Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol; the Netherlands Ambassador, Baron Willem Johan G. Gevers; the Argentine Ambassador and Mrs. Rogelio Rafael Tristany; the Rumanian Minister and Mrs. Petru Manu; Mr. Meir Argov, M.K., and Mrs. Argov; Prof. and Mrs. André Chouraqui; the Chief of Protocol in the Foreign Ministry and Mrs. Avraham Gilboa, and Mr. Binyamin Teur, of Kibbutz Mefalsim.

President Izhak Ben-Zvi yesterday received the Minister for Karen State Affairs in Burma, Dr. Saw Hla Tun, and the Director-General of the Ministry, Mr. Saw Morgan Win, who were accompanied by the Burmese Ambassador, U Maung Maung.

They were also received by the Speaker of the Knesset, Mr. Kadish Luz.

The guests were entertained at luncheon yesterday by the Minister of Health, Mr. Yisrael Barzilai, at the Eden Hotel in Jerusalem.

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The Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, yesterday received the Economy Minister of Upper Volta, Mr. Antoine Yameogo.

•

Mrs. Chaim Weizmann yesterday entertained to lunch at her home in Rehovot the Canadian Ambassador, Miss Margaret Meagher; the British Ambassador and Mrs. P. F. Hancock; and Dr. and Mrs. Dov Joseph.

•

The Ambassador of Liberia and Mrs. E. J. Yancy last night gave a cocktail reception at the Accadia Hotel in honour of Mrs. Ellen Mills Scarbrough, member of the Liberian Parliament and lecturer at the international seminar on the "Role of Women in a Developing Society"; Mrs. Sarah Elizabeth Gibson, supervisor of kindergartens and niece of President Tubman; and Miss Willette Dennis, Secretary to the Liberian Minister of Finance. Both Mrs. Gibson and Miss Dennis attended the seminar. The reception was attended by the President of the Supreme Court, senior Government officials and members of the diplomatic corps.

•

The Italian Consul General was At Home to a large gathering at his home in Katamon yesterday on the occasion of Italian National Day. Among those present were the Mayor, the Italian Ambassador and heads of the Diplomatic Missions of Holland, Guatamala, Venezuela and Greece, Jerusalem's Chief of Police, and U.N. officials.

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Prof. Stephen Zamenhof, of Columbia University's College of Physicians and Surgeons, will lecture on "Studies on the Chemistry of Mutation," this evening at 7.45 Hall "A" University-Hadassah Medical School.

They Survived the Extermination Camps

By DORIS LANKIN,
Jerusalem Post Law Reporter

The Jerusalem District Court trying Eichmann heard testimony yesterday on the extermination camps at Maidanek and Sobibor.

Yosef Reznik, who is now a shop-keeper in Tel Aviv, told the court how, as a prisoner-of-war after the capitulation of the Polish Army, he had first helped build the Maidanek camp in 1941 and had then been taken there again in 1943 together with hundreds of other Jews by one of the *Einsatzgruppen*.

They were marched in long columns straight to Field (Camp) No. 5 — the death field — where the open graves awaited them. They marched to music, popular waltzes and foxtrots. The music was soon drowned out by the rattle of machine-guns.

The witness, together with another 300 of the able-bodied men, was taken out of the column at the very last minute by an S.S. officer and, under the command of an S.S. man named Rollfinger, sent by bus to Cheim. There, they were assigned to details exhuming mass-graves. In the first they dug up, there were 10,000 Jewish corpses, identifiable by their papers, their clothes and their appearance.

They burnt the bodies in two large pyres. The bones were ground into powder by a special mill brought there for that purpose, and then scattered over the fields. Any gold in the corpses' teeth was removed and handed over to Rollfinger.


YOSEF REZNIK

Inside of three months, Mr. Reznik dug open eight or nine such mass-graves. In one, they found a boy of two or three, dressed all in white, lying on his mother's breast with his cheek against hers. "We were terribly moved by this," the witness related. "We had children of our own and realized that this might have been their fate too."

After the bodies had been exhumed, the graves were sprinkled with chlorine to efface all traces, then filled with earth and planted over with grass.

In February 1944, the witness escaped through a tunnel which he and his fellow-prisoners had dug from their underground bunker. They were 62 prisoners in all and were guarded by 45 guards. They first sawed off the iron manacles and chains on their legs with a home-made implement, escaping through the 50-metre-tunnel which had taken them two months to dig. Only four of them got away with their lives.

The witness was helped by a Polish priest and hid in the homes of Poles until the Russian Army arrived.

The next witness, Yaacov Friedman, now an employee of the Tel Aviv Municipal Council, had passed as an Aryan Pole and was arrested as a hostage in retaliation for a partisan attack. He was sent to one of the Maidanek camps in September 1942 with a group of Aryan Poles. He described to the court the daily roll-call to which they were subjected.

After the inmates had lined up in the morning, they were ordered to take their caps off and put them on again in unison. Whoever failed to keep the rhythm was beaten by the S.S. This would often go on for at least an hour. Then they were put to all kinds of unproductive work, like moving tar-paper from one warehouse to another, or scraping the plaster off bricks. This all had to be done at the double, to the accompaniment of blows.

There was dysentery in the camp and many of the inmates died of it. Each morning the bodies of those who had died during the night had to be removed. Many tried to commit suicide by hurling themselves at the electrified fence around the camp. The guards tried to prevent this, not from any humanitarian motives, but because it was a nuisance to have to switch off the current afterwards and extricate the bodies.

The witness described how at each evening roll-call a


YA'ACOV FRIEDMAN

list of names — or rather numbers — was called out. The people who stepped out of line in response to this call were then either summarily hanged, for some minor offence, or were flogged. He himself was flogged three times and had to count the strokes. He never managed to reach up to the prescribed 25 as each time he fainted long before then.

On one occasion the inmates of the camp were kept on parade all night in preparation for important visitors. The next day a group of S.S. officers, headed by Eichmann, arrived to visit the camp. The witness then identified Eichmann who, he said, had changed but not unrecognisably so.

'Take the Whole Pile Away' — Eichmann

"As Eichmann passed me, I heard him say: 'Take the whole pile away!' We were never called people. We were always called a garbage heap, a pile of manure, or something similar."

Mr. Friedman was eventually released by the Germans in the spring of 1944. His number was announced on the loud-speaker and he was told to call at the camp office. He was convinced that his time had come as this was the way they usually called out people for hanging. But instead, he and a group of boys, all non-Jews, were informed they were being released, on condition they undertook never to disclose what they had seen at Maidanek. He had, of course, concealed his Jewish identity all the time. No Jew was ever released from Maidanek.

The next witness was Dov Fraiber, who now lives in Ramle. He described in detail the process of extermination in the Sobibor camp, to which he was sent at the age of 15.

The moment a transport arrived at the camp, he recalled, the men were separated from the women and children, they were all ordered to undress, and put their clothes into convenient piles so as to be able to get back into them quickly, as soon as they had finished in the "shower-rooms." These shower-rooms were the gas chambers from which no one ever returned.

The witness himself was chosen, together with another 150 in his transport, to work in the camp. He was employed mainly on sorting out the clothes and preparing bundles for shipment to Germany; but on occasion he also shaved off the hair of the women before they went into the gas chambers. This was packed into sacks and loaded into freight cars.

At first, the witness said, he used to weep whenever a fresh transport arrived. He once tried to commit suicide after his friend had killed himself. They envied those who had already died. How much better off they were to have got it over with! After a month, only 50 were left of


DOV FRAIBER

the original 150. The others had either been shot, or committed suicide or gone crazy and been despatched by the Germans.

The witness described how the Germans kept the transports ignorant of their fate until the very last second. The camp commander would make them a speech just before they undressed and tell them that they were going off to the Ukraine to work — hard to be sure — but that as long as they worked properly they would be all right. He even answered questions. Then he would instruct them to undress, and go into the "shower rooms." Their money and valuables were handed in at a special window. Then the people passed docilely through a passage-way, fenced off with barbed wire, and so into the "shower-rooms," never to return.

The camp orchestra played as they went in. The permanent staff often had to dance to the orchestra and sing with it. On one occasion they were taught two German anti-Semitic songs and forced to sing them. The witness thereupon quoted as much of the songs as he could remember.

The camp workers were continually being tormented and beaten by their S.S. guards. "They did not only carry out their orders. They improved upon them. At least one guard was removed because he was so excessively cruel that it was impossible to get any work done when he was about. Only one S.S. officer ever behaved like a human being. And after one month he asked to be removed from the camp as he could not stand it any longer. He came to say good-bye to us, shook us by the hand and hoped we would manage to survive."

One of the transports which arrived during the 17 months Mr. Fraiber spent at the Sobibor camp was a hospital train from Holland, complete with docors, nurses and patients. Within an hour they had all passed through the gas chambers. Another transport consisted of insane people, whom the S.S. men brutally ill-treated. There was a transport from Bialystock, which arrived in broken freight-wagons. There were many dead and half-dead amongst them.

Eventually, the witness related, he got used to the terrible conditions in the camp and his will to live returned. The workers started planning to escape. Many of their schemes failed but they persevered. On one occasion a Dutch Captain, who belonged to a resistance movement, organized an escape, but the Germans got wind of it and tortured the captain to reveal the names of his confederates. He refused. They threatened they would behead a whole barracks of Dutch Jews before his eyes if he did not tell. He replied that in any case they would do as they pleased with all the inmates, and kept silent. Seventy-six Dutch Jews were taken out of the barracks and beheaded.

On October 14, 1943, the 600 workers rose up against their guards. Three hundred got away and hid in the neighbouring forests, the witness among them. Only 30 of them survived the war.

In reply to questions from the bench, the witness said that only Jews had been sent to Sobibor and that he had heard that a million people had perished there. There were no work-camps there at all. It was solely and exclusively an extermination camp. A team of workers—never more than 600 at a time — was employed on maintenance and these were continually replaced as their numbers became depleted.

S.S. Played At William Tell

Jerusalem Post Reporter

"On Sunday, the S.S. officers used to practise their marksmanship. They made us stand with bottles on our heads. Sometimes they missed; sometimes they hit the bottle; sometimes they hit us. It was all a matter of luck," Mr. Mordecai Juraski, a butcher from Gedera, told the Eichmann court trial yesterday.

The witness said that he was transported from Lodz to Chelmno in 1944 in a freight car whose inside wall bore the inscription: "You are riding on a death train." But the Jews did not believe this. They thought they were being taken to a work camp in Leipzig. Arriving at Chelmno, he was one of six "husky" men who were taken out of line. Their legs were chained. The other Jews were led to two signs. One said "to the doctor"; the other "to the bath." The doctor, a man in a white cloak, told some of them to write home that they were working and that they were happy; at the other sign they were given a towel and soap.

Then 80-100 were loaded into a huge closed van. The van drove about 300 metres from the "bath" to one of the two crematoria, while the exhaust fumes from the engine did their job inside. The bodies were unloaded — the driver, Herman Giloff, used to shoot any body which twitched — and burned in the crematoria.

The witness first worked in the *waldkommando* felling trees for the two crematoria; later, he was a *sonderkommando*, unloading the bodies from the van. The bones which were not consumed by the fire were ground up to meal.

He escaped in January 1945.

'Eichmann Visited Sobibor'

Eichmann visited the Sobibor death camp in July, 1942, and in February, 1943, Mr. Moshe Bahir, of Ramat Gan, told the Eichmann trial court yesterday afternoon.

He said that the first time, the party of visiting S.S. officers came by "luxury" train. The party included Himmler, who wore a long leather coat, Eichmann, several others in uniform; and three men in civilian clothes. The second time, Himmler, Kaltenbrunner and Eichmann came by plane. On both occasions the Jews did not have to work. The second time, they were treated to a meal of horse-meat.

The witness said that though he remembered Eichmann's face, he did not know his name. Only in Lublin, in 1945, when he was "pouring out his heart" to a friend, was he advised to go to the Documentation Centre there and leaf through the photographs. He picked out the man who had visited the camp. It was Eichmann.

In his cross-examination, Dr. Robert Servatius closely questioned the witness about this picture. Could he produce it? The witness said he could; moreover, it had been reprinted in a book, "We Will Never Forget."

Mr. Gideon Hausner, the Attorney-General, produced a copy of this book. After thumbing carefully through it, the witness said that evidently it was a different edition. He promised to bring the book in which he had seen the picture to the court this morning.

He and his family were shipped from a small town in Poland to Sobibor during March, 1942. On the train, his mother gave him (he was 14½) and his younger brother (12½) some bread, and then she divided what was left among the other children, noting that "there would be no more need for bread."

"I knew then that if we didn't have to eat any more, it meant that we would die," the witness said.

During the *Selektion*, he folowed his mother and younger brother to th left. But an S.S. officer, Gustav Wagner, shoved him out of line, saying, "You are a man."

He performed various jobs, including sorting the clothes of the persons sent to be gassed, polishing the shoes of the S.S. officers and general handyman jobs in the S.S. officers mess.

They Cheated the Hangmen

By MACABEE DEAN,
Jerusalem Post Reporter

"On the shouted signal of 'Hurrah', the Jews in the Sobibor death camp rose up in revolt on the afternoon of October 14, 1943," Mr. Ya'acov Biskowitch, a policeman attached to National Headquarters, told the Eichmann trial court on Monday afternoon.

In the ensuing fight, at least 13 S.S. officers and men were killed, as well as 18 Ukrainian guards. The uprising was planned and organized by Sascha Pechuri, a Jewish prisoner-of-war who had been an officer in the Red Army.

On the day of the uprising, the camp commander was killed when he entered a hut. Other S.S. officers were quietly killed as they entered other huts. The other S.S. began to suspect something was amiss, but they were not sure what.

The witness himself was sent to Camp II with a Jewish friend. Here they had to unload cases of liquor. They took the first case in. The witness saw an S.S. officer standing near the bank where the valuables taken from the Jews were kept. He stabbed him, and then the two boys (the witness was 16½ then) went out to bring in another case of liquor.

Then the signal for the general uprising was given, and the prisoners stormed the camps arsenal, tore down the fence and broke out of the camp.

Mr. Biskowitch could not flee without coming under heavy fire. He waited by the "lazarette," the so-called hospital which was really a pit where sick Jews were shot, till midnight. Then he slipped out through the fence. In the woods, he met Nehemia, another of the escaped Jews, and still later Sascha Pechuri and two others. They formed a band of partisans, tearing down telephone lines, blowing up railway tracks. Later they joined another band, and still later the Polish army.

The witness arrived in Sobibor in June, 1942. Both he and his father passed the *Selektion*. A friend of his, who worked in sorting the clothes of those who had just been gassed, came to him one day with pictures he had taken from the pockets of the dead. The pictures were of Biskowitch's family, presumably taken from the effects of other members of the family.

Saw Wife and Children Gassed

"After I helped pull the bodies of my wife and two children out of the gas van, I lay down by the side of my wife and begged an S.S. officer to shoot me. But he refused. 'You're still strong. There's a lot of work left in you,' he said, clubbing me to my feet."

In telling the Eichmann trial court this yesterday, Noah Podhalavnik added that that same night he tried to hang himself. But his companions stopped him, telling him that "as long as you breathe you should hope." He and the other Jews made plans to escape.

A few days after Christmas, he manged to escape by jumping through a small window in the back of the truck taking them back from work.

The witness said that he was one of 30 "strong men" taken from his home town to Chelmno. They were housed in a cellar. The walls were inscribed with messages: "No man leaves here alive. Escape if you can. They shoot two or three every day."

The next day he heard a German offering the inmates a bath. The Jews shouted with joy, but when they saw they were being loaded into vans, they held back. They were clubbed until they boarded the van; the doors were sealed; and the exhaust from the motor pulled inside. Soon the screams of the men subsided.

The witness was one of five men taken from the cellar to collect the possessions of the dead. The other 25 were sent out to work in the woods. The Germans shot two or three who could not stand the pace. The next day the witness volunteered for work outside, digging pits. When the death vans came, 5-6 Jews dragged the bodies out.

A Ukrainian and a German knocked out the gold teeth and tore the rings off the fingers. If the ring did not come off easily, the finger was chopped off. The Jews then methodically arranged the bodies in the grave—the head and feet were alternated to save space.

WHEAT. — Australia's huge wheat sale to Communist China, worth £10m., put the Australian overseas trade into favourable balance last month for the first time in 12 months, the Canberra Government reported yesterday.

WHAT'S ON

JERUSALEM

Holyland Hotel: Five o'clock Tea. Swimming. Dancing every Saturday night. Israel films every Tuesday night. Transport. Hotel bus, opp. Taxi Israel, Tel. 24494, 99 90.

• **Meet Jerusalem Artists:** — Artists House 9.30 p.m. Tourists and Members.

• **New Israel Films:** — Daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 12 noon, 1 p.m.

• **Tours:** —
Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily, Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.
Settlements and forests from wilderness. See with your own eyes, plant with your own hands. Join J.N.F. tour — telephone 24663.
Yad Vashem, Martyrs' and Heroes' Remembrance Authority, Har Hazikaron — visits to the Memorial Shrine (Ohel Yizkor) and to the new exhibition entitled "Warning And Witness." Sundays to Thursdays, 8 to 4. Fridays and holiday eves 8 to 1.
Hadassah tour at 9 a.m. daily, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre, Tel. 24061.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech. New exhibitions. New Excavations at Akhziv. Exhibition of the month: Phoenician figurines from Akhziv. Permanent Exhibition, 9-1, 3-5.
Exhibition of Ceramics by Gdula Schweig-Ogen; Paintings by Hannah and Abraham Yakin. Artists' House, 10-1, 4-6.
"Israel Today" permanent exhibition, Binyanei Ha'ooma, 10-1, 4-6.
Bezalel National Museum, Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological objects. Paintings by Lutka Fink, Paris. Miniatures, watercolours and ink drawings by Julius Bissier. Etchings by Anton Heyboer. French Prints of the 19th Century — from the Museum Collection. Sun.-Thur. 9-1, 3.30-6.
Bezalel Art Library: Oskar Kokoschka on his 75th birthday; Modern Austrian painting. New acquisitions. Sun.-Thur., 9-2.30; Fri., 9-1.
Spring Exhibition, new works by the Gallery Artists, Rina Gallery.

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Michael Argov — recent oil paintings — 1960/61, at Galerie Israel Ltd., 63 Ben Yehuda Rd., Sunday-Thursday 10-1, 4-7. Friday 10 a.m.-2 p.m. Saturday 7-10 p.m.
Home and Garden Furniture Exhibition. Exhibition Gardens, North Tel Aviv. Hours: 4-12 p.m. Fridays closed. Sat. after Sabbath.

HAIFA

• **Golden Age Club, Mt. Carmel:** — Excursion to Nahariya—Ahziv, Rothschild Community Centre, Today 1.45 p.m. punctually.

• **Exhibitions:** —
A retrospective exhibition of 200 original Picasso prints. Municipal Museum of Modern Art, Rehov Bialik 10-1, 4-7.
Plastics Exhibition — Exhibition Centre, Beit Hakranot, 10-1, 4-7.
Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Shderot Hanassi, Mt. Carmel. New Exhibition: Nagasaki-e, from the De Roos collection 10-1, 4-7.
Ethnological Museum, 19 Rehov Arlosoroff: 1. Hungarian Folk Art. 2. Iconography of the prophet Elijah. 3. Jewish handicraft from the Yemen, Bukhara and Tunis. 10-1, 4-8.30. Closed Mondays.
Water Colours by Paina Hazan, Artists' House, 24 U.N. Avenue, 10-1, 4-7. Closing tonight.

BEERSHEBA

For good food, service and fun, follow the sun south to Eshel House, Restaurant, Bar & Hotel 301 Rehov Keren Kayemet.

• **Theatre:** —
LADO Yugoslav Troupe, Keren, 8.30.

TEL AVIV

Joseph Buloff: "Tevya & his Seven Daughters" Mograbi, 8.30 p.m.
Ohel: "Haketuba", 8.30.

• **Yiddish Theatre:** —
DZIGAN, "Don't Pull me by the Tongue."

• **Dine and Dance:** —
Casba Bar-Restaurant, 32 Rehov Yirmiyahu, International Cuisine. Lunch IL8. Aperitif. Dinner Dance, Tel. 42617. Open from 12 p.m. to 2 a.m. Fully air-conditioned.
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Adria Night Club, 101 Dizengoff Passage, Tel. 51349. New International Show.
"Pagoda" Restaurant. Exclusive. 217 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 47816.

• **Tourist Service:** —
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825. 8 a.m.—2 p.m.
Z.O.A. House: —
9 a.m. — 7 p.m.; Exhibition of oil paintings by Eliahu Adler, 10 a.m.-10 p.m.

• **Tours:** —
Moetzet Hapoalot, Pioneer Women. Free tour from Sunday through Wednesday, 9 a.m., from the Va'ad Hapoel Bldg., 93 Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel Aviv. Tel. 21211.

• **Zoological Gardens:** — Open 8 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.

• **Exhibitions:** —
Prints and Drawings, Israel Painters and Sculptors Ass., Art Pavilion, 9 Alharizi 10-1; 4-7. Fri. closed. Sat., 10-1.
Ancient glass, Museum Ha'aretz, 10-5.
Rubinstein Pavilion. Pinhas Sha'ar: paintings and mosaics. Also permanent exhibition of Israel Artists, 10-1, 4-7.
Dizengoff House, Paintings by Lea Nikel. General Museum Collection, 10-1, 4-7.
Tel Aviv Historical Museum, Beit Shenkar, 26 Rehov Bialik, 9-1 (excepting Mondays, Saturdays and festivals).

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The Weather

Forecast: Warmer. Sharav in the hill region and inland.

Weather Synopsis: A ridge of high pressure in the upper level and easterly circulation near the ground are causing the warm dry weather in our region.

	A	B	C
Mt. Cana'an	28	16—31	15—34
Tiberias	33	18—36	18—38
Haifa Port	77	19—27	19—29
Nazareth	32	17—32	16—35
Tel Aviv Kirya	58	17—29	16—30
Tel Aviv Port	83	19—25	18—27
Lydda Airport	32	13—33	15—36
Jerusalem	19	20—32	16—35
Beersheba	9	13—37	18—39
Eilat	8	25—40	26—41

A) Humidity at 8 p.m. B) Yesterday's Temperature range. C) Today's Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Teddy Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, from London, after accompanying the Prime Minister (by B.E.A.).

Rabbi Mordecai Nurock, M.K., from Geneva (by El Al).

Dr. Hanoch Rinot, Director-General of the Ministry of Education and Culture, from Paris, where he headed the Israeli delegation in a meeting of the Joint Israeli-French Cultural Commission.

The Rector of the University of Ankara, Prof. Kemal Yetkin, who is also Prof. of Islamic Art, and Mr. Fuat Pekin, art and music critic, as guests of the Hebrew University and Bezalel Museum.

Jesse Zel Lurie, American correspondent of The Jerusalem Post and Managing Editor of "The Hadassah Magazine," from the Kennedy-Khrushchev talks in Vienna (via El Al).

DEPARTURES

Dr. Risieri Frondizi, Rector of Buenos Aires University, after a fortnight's visit as guest of the Hebrew University (by Swissair).

Tel Aviv Deputy Mayor Yehoshua Rabinowitch and Tel Aviv Municipal Legal Advisor, Zvi Zilbiger, for the U.S., on an economic mission for the Municipality (and not to attend the I.U.L.A. Congress, as erroneously reported by Itim).

M.D.A. Cites Two Senior Staffers

TEL AVIV. — Two veteran employees of Magen David Adom in Tel Aviv were yesterday awarded the Esther Frenkel Prizes "for volunteering spirit" of IL200 each, and received a tremendous ovation from their colleagues when they turned the cash envelopes back to the M.D.A. for the acquisition of medical equipment.

The winners of the prizes were Mrs. Chava Leder-Lange, "for 30 years of devoted work for the Tel Aviv Magen David Adom," and to Mr. Zvi Shani, for developing aids to first aid instruction during his 20 years with M.D.A.

Hadassah Hospital Making Move to Ein Kerem Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A fleet of 20 Army Medical Corps ambulances were assembled last night at the Hadassah Medical Centre above Ein Kerem in anticipation of the transfer of over 300 patients from Hadassah's Jerusalem hospitals in town today. Starting at seven o'clock this morning, the convoy of ambulances will make the round trip 14 times. The operation is scheduled to end in the afternoon.

Last night, each patient was issued with a tag bearing his name and new room at the Centre. The Army personnel, which includes 120 stretcher-bearers, bivouacked at the Centre last night and were entertained with a film show.

When the first relay of ambulances arrives at the Centre this morning, a nursing student and a medical student will unfurl the Israel and Hadassah flags.

After today's move, the great part of the Hadassah Medical Organization's hospital staff of some 1,300 will be serving in the new Centre, leaving behind a section for departments remaining temporarily in town.

Yesterday, the Minister of Transport ruled that the fare of the new Hamekasher bus route from town to the Centre will be 22 agorot, one way.

Addressing a press conference at the Centre yesterday, Mrs. Nathan D. Perlman, National H.M.O. Chairman in the U.S., said that Hadassah headquarters in New York and in all its Chapters in the U.S. would celebrate the move today as well.

Dr. K.J. Mann, Israel H.M.O. Director General, said that since the evacuation of Mount Scopus 13 years ago, Hadassah had not only maintained its services, but had expanded them. Asked about the hospital situation in town after the move, Dr. Mann said that Hadassah had always held that the transfer gave the Ministry of Health and the Jerusalem Municipality an excellent opportunity to round out the medical services required by the population of Jerusalem.

A reception was given at the Centre last night by Dr. I.E. Nebenzahl, Chairman of the H.M.O Israel Committee, in honour of Mrs Perlman, Dr. Mann, and H.M.O. doctors, nurses, and staff.

Tel Aviv Physician Wins German Award

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

COLOGNE. — A distinguished Israeli physician, Prof. Siegfried Rosenbaum of Tel Aviv, was awarded the Paracelsus medal at the conclusion of a Medical Congress held in Wiesbaden on Saturday.

The medal is named after Theophrast Bombast von Hohenheim, alias Paracelsus, a famous German physician of the 16th century. It is awarded every year to three doctors of outstanding merit in the tradition of Hippocrates. Established in 1952, Albert Schweitzer was among the first recipients.

Together with the medal, Prof. Rosenbaum was handed a diploma saying that in his person the German Medical Association had meant to honour all those physicians "who were persecuted, tortured and expelled by the rule of violence and the evil spirit of a disastrous epoch in the history of the German people."

Beer Trial Goes On Behind Closed Doors

TEL AVIV. — The Yisrael Beer espionage trial resumed yesterday behind closed doors. Court circles told Itim that hearings will continue *in camera* all week.

At the entrance to the courtroom, Beer's friend, Mrs. Ora Zahavi, wanted to pass him a bottle of whisky, but the guards stopped her. *(Itim)*

Syrian Mine Found 1 km. Inside Israel

TIBERIAS. — A Syrian-made landmine planted one kilometre inside Israel was uncovered by a tractor working in the fields of Kibbutz Massada, in the Jordan Valley yesterday. The mine did not explode.

Israel has lodged a complaint with the Mixed Armistice Commission.

Two Weeks Jail For 'Eichmann Insult'

BEERSHEBA. — For shouting at a man "Too bad Eichmann didn't take care of you, too," Gavriel Aharonov, 35, of Ramat Gan, was yesterday sentenced to a fortnight's imprisonment by Southern District Magistrate's Court Judge Eliahu Nawi.

Aharonov made the remark in the course of a dispute over a parking place, to Mr. Horania Menzell, whose father and brothers perished in the death camps.

TO TESTIFY AGAINST 10 WAR CRIMINALS

LYDDA AIRPORT. — Two Israelis — Messrs. Avraham Ochs, of Holon, a Union Bank official, and Ze'ev Porat, a Tel Aviv Municipal architect — flew to West Germany by El Al yesterday to testify in the trial of 10 Nazi war criminals now taking place in Waltshut.

Mr. Ochs, formerly of Tarnopol, and Mr. Porat, who was an inmate of the Janowska camp, at Lvov, were invited by the prosecution at the recommendation of Mr. Simon Wiesenthal of Linz, Austria, who was also at Janowska and has been helping the West German authorities track down and prepare their cases against Nazi war criminals.

The names of the accused are: Blum, Lenard, Lex, Kolomko, Dyga, Gebauer, Rokita, Wepke, Paul, and Mahler. (Itim)



Aliza Gur, Miss Israel 1960, as seen in a British-made television film, "Adventure in Paradise," televised by Cairo Radio and picked up on a Mt. Carmel, Haifa, receiver yesterday. (Photo by Muhlstock)

Israeli 'Bnei Israel' Appeal For Indian Jews' Support

By SHALOM COHEN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Actions Committee of the Bnei Israel community has circularized a statement to synagogues and Jewish communal leaders in India condemning the Israel Rabbinate's attitude to marriages between members of the Bnei Israel and other Jews.

"Unless we in Israel and our parent body in India take effective action to remove this stigma immediately, the whole purpose of our immigrating to Israel will be lost," it states. It goes on to urge that immigration of Bnei Israel be suspended until "the matter is settled honourably."

Copies of the statement have been sent to President Ben-Zvi, to the Prime Minister, and to Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K., Jewish Agency Chairman.

(Mr. Sharett, on being asked, told The Jerusalem Post last night that he had just received the circular. "I intend to clear the matter up," he declared.)

The letter states that "the problem arose when Bnei Israel boys and girls wishing to marry outside the community were refused marriage licences by the Rabbinate because of its doubts of the purity of the Bnei Israel community. Our position in Israel would be most humiliating, should the present situation continue.

"...The Actions Committee is seeking a way to settle this problem honourably without taking any precipitous action. We appeal to all of you in India for full cooperation and support... by bringing pressure on the Government of Israel and especially on the Jewish Agency to settle this problem immediately."

Attached to the statement is a report from *The Jerusalem Post* of last month in which a spokesman for the Chief Rabbinate affirmed that it adhered to a policy, set down many years ago, of leaving the decision whether to grant licences on the local level.

Child Died Of Dose of Parathion

RAMLE. — Post mortem examination has revealed a considerable quantity of parathion in the body of three-year-old Yaffa Amar, of Moshav Zeitan, who died suddenly last week.

Yaffa's mother had left her alone at home, and found her in her death throes when she returned. It has not yet been learned how Yaffa got hold of the insecticide. *(Itim)*

Missing Boy Found Drowned

ASHKELON. — The body of 14-year-old Amir Gazal, missing since he left his home to go swimming on Saturday morning, was found near Barnea Beach just north of Ashkelon Beach yesterday afternoon.

Two residents of Ashkelon came upon the body when they went swimming.

Bill to Waive Exit Visas Passes First Reading

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The bill repealing the exit visa requirements passed its first reading in the Knesset yesterday. But most Israelis who go abroad this year will not benefit from it; the bill will take effect only on October 15.

Two explanations were given for the decision to defer the implementation of the law for four months. The "explanatory remarks" which follow the text of the bill state: "Since the revenue from exit permits constitutes a not inconsiderable sum in the estimates of State revenue, it is proposed to give effect to the abolition of exit visas only from October 15, 1961."

But Minister of Interior Haim Moshe Shapiro did not refer to the fiscal aspect at all in his speech presenting the bill. Instead, he said that the delay was meant to give the Ministry of Interior an opportunity to prepare for the new state of affairs and to prevent persons "from taking improper advantage of the change in the legal situation."

The bill would enable the holder of an Israel passport or *laissez-passer* to leave the country without prior notification to the authorities. Permanent residents who do not possess an Israel passport or *laissez-passer* must inform the Minister of Interior, at least 14 days in advance, of their travel intentions, a requirement which the Minister may waive at his discretion.

Persons subject to army service will still have to present permits from the military authorities.

The Minister is authorized to fix a fee, not exceeding IL15, for the issuance of an endorsement in the passport of a permanent resident that the required notification has been made.

The effective date of October 15 was criticized in the debate by Mr. Haim Landau (Herut), Mr. Zvi Zimmerman (Liberal), and Mr. Yosef Kushnir (Mapam).

Agreement Reached On Bar Council Bill

A Bar Association delegation attended yesterday's meeting of the Knesset Law Committee to explain Association opposition to two paragraphs in the Bar Council Bill. This was the bill which was suddenly removed from the Knesset agenda at the Association's request last week and recalled by the committee.

The two paragraphs deal with the rights of petition writers and accountants. In both cases a compromise was reached between the committee version and the demands of the Bar Association.

In connection with accountants, the revised version of the bill retains for accountants the rights they enjoy under the Income Tax Ordinance (i.e. to represent their clients before the authorities), but revokes their right to represent clients before the inheritance tax and land betterment tax authorities.

With regard to petition writers, the change made appears to be more one of wording than of substance.

The bill is scheduled to have its second and third readings today.

Eban: Applied Research Lags

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Israeli industry is far behind its counterparts in other countries in its "research consciousness;" as a result, applied technological research in Israel lags behind the country's "distinguished achievements" in pure research, Mr. Abba Eban, Minister of Education and Culture, yesterday afternoon told the tenth annual meeting of the Technion's Board of Governors in Technion City here.

Mr. Eban, who is a Board member *ex officio*, also stressed the importance of humanities studies at such "first-rank institutions of higher learning as the Technion." He noted that the humanities constitute as much as 25 per cent of the curricula of similar institutions in several Western countries.

At the morning session, Rav-Aluf Ya'acov Dori, for whom this is his tenth year as President of the Technion, reviewed the Technion's past decade of activities in his annual report.

Mr. David Rose, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the American Technion Society and Vice-Chairman of the Board of Governors, was awarded an honorary Doctor of Science degree.

In the afternoon, the cornerstone was laid for the Dan and Sadie Danciger Mechanical Engineering Building, in the presence of Mr. Harry Jacobs, of Kansas City, Trustee of the Danciger Foundation.

(See Leader, Page One)

Rules on Tourists Taking Cars Eased

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israeli tourists taking their cars abroad will no longer be required to fill out a tryptic or to submit a bank guarantee to the customs authorities. Instructions to this effect have been issued by the Inland Revenue Department.

Incoming tourists who do not posses a *carnet de passage* will need henceforth to place a deposit amounting to only 10 per cent of the customs due on the car, instead of the full customs as formerly.

BAR-ILAN TO TEACH CRIMINOLOGY

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A Department of Criminology is to be opened at Bar-Ilan University this fall, it has been announced.

This Department, which will be headed by Dr. Shlomo Shoham, will offer a one-year course, 16 hours a week, for 25 selected students, including judges, military and regular policemen, and social welfare workers. Dr. Shoham, a graduate of the Hebrew University's Faculty of Law, took advance training at Cambridge.

Another instructor will be Mr. Y. Baror, Tel Aviv District Attorney, who in his capacity as Deputy State Attorney, appeared as one of the prosecutors in the Eichmann trial.

Authors' Societies Debate Film Writers' Rights

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—"The only book whose authors' copyright we cannot protect when the studios begin making film productions is the Bible," the Secretary-General of the International Confederation of Societies of Authors and Composers (CISAC), M. Leon Malaplate, told *The Jerusalem Post* last night.

The problem of authors' and musicians' copyright in the cinema industry took up a fair part of yesterday's sessions of CISAC's Legal Commission at Z.O.A. House. The 20-some members of the Commission deliberated on the legal terminology of the proposals they wil submit to the UNESCO-sponsored convention on this particular subject to be held later this month in Geneva.

The Commission will continue meeting today and tomorrow and on Thursday and Friday the Confederation's Council will meet to discuss its recommendations. Today, the Commission will discuss Israeli copyright legislation.

The Confederation, representing 36 countries, will submit a series of proposals shoring up the rights of creative workers in the film industry.

Mr. Valerio de Sanctis, of Italy, Chairman of the Commission, presided over yesterday's sessions.

I.P.O. Giving Berlioz' 'Faust' Tomorrow

The Berlioz' "Damnation of Faust" will be presented for the first time tomorrow night by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra in its 13th subscription series.

The performance, conducted by Mr. Jean Martinon, will feature French soloists from the Paris Opera — Mme Geneviève Moizan (Marguerite), tenor Guy Chauvet (Faust), and baritone Ernest Balanc (Mephistopheles). The Tel Aviv (Chamber) Choir will make up the chorus. The text will be sung in French.

Swimming to Be Taught at Schools

Swimming courses will be conducted this summer at those schools throughout the country that have the facilities, the Ministry of Education and Culture announced yesterday.

The courses, which will concentrate on beginners, will be given in groups of no more than 15 children each.

I.P.I. Delegates Make Trip From Antiquity to Present

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The members of the International Press Institute, whose Assembly was held in Tel Aviv last week, spent two days sight-seeing in the north of the country, covering the space between Caesarea and Upper Galilee and the time between antiquity and the present.

They wound-up their tour at a garden party given by the Municipality at the Rothschild Cultural Centre on Mount Carmel last night.

The visiting newspapermen and their wives from five continents, travelling in linguistic groups, looked at the relics of Caesarea, were the guests of the City of Nazareth where they were met by the Deputy Mayor (Mayor Seif e-din Zu'abi is in Washington), saw the ancient synagogue of Kfar Nahum, were received by Knesset Speaker Mr. Kadish Luz, at his home at Deganya Bet, where they were initiated in kibbutz lore.

After a meal of the obligatory Kinneret fish on the shores of the Lake on Sunday, the pressmen were given a reception by the Mayor of Tiberias at the Hot Springs Garden, watched folk dances and heard Israel songs by Sharona Aron. For those whose strength still held out, a picnic complete with bonfire and black coffee lasted till midnight.

Yesterday the guests had a morning swim in the Lake before being shipped off North and West for more sight-seeing at Safad and Acre, where they met the respective mayors.

Turning south again, the visitors were welcomed to Haifa by Mayor Khoushy, had luncheon aboard the Zim liner, s.s. Israel, toured Haifa Port and the Dagon terminal silo, and City sights like Mt. Carmel and the Carmelit.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY

All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: Cyprus Air 56 from Nicosia — 0805. El Al 224 from London and Rome — 1645. B.O.A.C. 310 from London and Geneva — 1700. TWA 800 from N.Y., Paris, Rome and Athens — 1915. Olympic 603 from Athens — 2010. Air France 134 from Paris and Rome — 2110. El Al 432 from Vienna and Rome — 2205. El Al 434 from Brussels and Zurich — 2345.

DEPARTURES: El Al 431 to Rome and Vienna — 0700. El Al 423 to Zurich and Brussels — 0750. Sabena 572 to Athens, Vienna and Brussels — 0750. Alitalia 455 to Athens and Rome — 0810. Swissair 335 to Athens and Zurich — 0900. Air France 137 to Istanbul, Rome and Paris — 1000. B.E.A. 263 to Athens, Rome and London — 1030. K.L.M. 528 to Munich and Amsterdam — 1045. El Al 205 to Athens, Paris and New York — 1530. B.O.A.C. 310 to Teheran — 1745.

UJA Young Leaders On Galilee Tour

The 140 members of the United Jewish Appeal Young Leadership Mission yesterday continued their tour of Galilee.

After a visit to Kiryat Nazareth, the group drove up to the Lebanese border and the Hula Valley. They spent the evening in Safad's Artists' Quarter.

Today, they will be in the Haifa area.

85 Burmans, 11 Born Here, Return Home

LYDDA AIRPORT. — A group of 85 Burmans — including soldiers who came for a year of agricultural training, their wives, and 11 babies born in Israel — left for home by Swissair yesterday. *(Itim)*

We regret to announce the death of our beloved

NAOMI SHERR

who passed away yesterday.

The funeral will take place today, June 6, at 5.45 at the Kiryat Shaul Cemetery

IKE AND CHILDREN,
MICHELLE, RONY AND JEREMY
BIRDIE COHEN
ZIONA AND WALLY MEYER
MENDEL, NONNY COHEN AND CHILDREN
ZELDA, DAVE DRUCKMAN AND CHILDREN

NOW'S YOUR TIME

Come and enjoy the greenest and most picturesque spot on Mt. Carmel.

For June and September some rooms still available.
July — August all booked up.

Beth Margoa "BETH-OREN"
P.O.B. 701, Tel. 81401, HAIFA.

A.B. Advt.

ISRAEL FEDERATION OF WIZO
SEMINAR FOR LEADERS

On Tuesday, June 6, 1961, from 3 to 6 p.m. at the Sheraton-Tel Aviv Hotel
the following lectures will be held:
1) "State and Public Protocol"
by Mr. A. Gilboa, Chief of Protocol, Ministry of Foreign Affairs.
2) "The A.B.C. of Social Etiquette"
by Mr. B. A. Barkai.
The Study session will be chaired by Dr. R. Zimmerman.

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INDUSTRY, FINANCE and COMMERCE

Protective Tariff on Trucks Going Up on Heavier Models

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — The tariff on imported trucks will go up next week, increasing their cost by up to IL3,500, Mr. Michael Tsour, Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry and Chairman of the Inter-Ministerial Committee on Motor Vehicles, told a press conference at the Kaiser-Ilin plant here yesterday.

The customs rate of 50 per cent *ad valorem* and IL4.50 per kilo of the vehicle's net weight will henceforth be applied to trucks of up to 2½ tons payload, instead of only up to 1¾ tons. On larger trucks, the rate will be raised from 35 per cent to 50 per cent and IL4.50 per kilo of the truck's weight. There will be no change in the rate of Diesel trucks, which are not manufactured here.

The new rate will eliminate discrimination in favour of imported trucks, on which a 35 per cent customs rate was collected as compared to the 50 per cent tax on Studebaker trucks assembled by Kaiser-Ilin.

The import of small passenger cars (up to 13 hp.) has trebled since regulations were liberalized last year. Import of medium-sized cars (13-18 hp.) had dropped by half and that of larger cars by 60 per cent, Mr. Tsour said. Altogether 4,395 cars had been imported in 1960/61, as against 3,325 in the preceding year.

There would be no absolute protection for the local car manufacturers so long as the added value, now about 30 per cent, does not go above 50 per cent. Production costs might come down with increased output, Mr. Tsour said.

Tel Aviv Stock Markets

	4/6	5/6
$ LINKED		
7½% Tavei $	98½	98½
7½% Pounder $	90½	90½
4% Def. Loan	106¼	105¼
5% Hous Loan B	103	103
5½% " " B	105	105
7½% P.E.C. 57/64	109¾	108¼
7% Nat'l Oil Co.	96½	96½
6% K. Hav. III	101¾	102½
5% Fert. & Chem.	102	102½
Local Author. 58/65	109¼	7½
C.O.L. LINKED		
4½% Def. Loan	105¼	105½
4½% Hou. Loan "A"	102¾	103½
7½% P.E.C. 57/64	—	127½
6% K. Hav. III	106	106
Local Authorities	105½	107½
50%/50% $ C.-o.-L. LINKED		
6% Ind. Dev. Bank	99½	99½
5% Pal. Elect.	100¼	100½
6% Bank Leumi Invest.	102¾	102¼
ORD. & PREF. SHS.		
P.E.C. Stock	511¼	511¼
4½% P.E.C. 2nd Pref.	475	480
B'k Leumi 'A' Ord. St.	390	397
Gen. Mort. B'k. (new	389	389
Bank Leumi Inv.	358	358
Rassco Pref.	161	162½
Otsar Hit. Hayehudit		
Registered	344½	350
Bearer	360	363
Hous. Mort. Bank	146¾	147
Ellern Invest.	310½	310½
Africa Pal. Inv.	228½	227½
I.L.D.C. (new)	263	263
Ata Ord. "B"	290	290
Moller Text.	157¾	156¾
Phoenicia (Reg.)	110¾	110¾
Assis & Bej. Bro.	262½	259½
Pal. Potash	453	453
Dead Sea Foun.	262½	270
Teva	186¼	186¼
Pal. Cold Stor.	223½	244½
Paper Mills	175	173
Alliance	21.50	21.41
Delek	317½	315¼
Delek 11/12	319½	319½
Jordan Explor.	94¼	94¼
Nehushtan	133½	133½
Fert. & Chem.	115	115
Dubek	122¾	121¼
ISRAS		
Is. Rassco Inv. Co.	107½	106¼
C U R B		
Lapidoth	37¼	37¼
Naphta	122¾	122¾
Rassco (1960)	150	150
Shemen	100	100
Isr. Dev. & Mort. Bk.	146¼	146¼

B: Buyers only: E: ex Div/Coupon

YESTERDAY'S TREND	
Dollar Bonds	Irregular
Index Bonds	Irregular
Ord. Shares	Irregular

AS REPORTED BY

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Jerusalem Getting 1,900 New Homes

Some 1,900 dwelling units will be completed in Jerusalem in 1961-1962, the Minister of Labour, Dr. Giora Josephthal, has informed the Mayor of Jerusalem, Mr. Mordechai Ish-Shalom, in reply to a letter from the Mayor asking that more population be directed to the Capital.

Dr. Josephthal said about 1,250 of the units will be earmarked for new immigrants; 300 will be built within the framework of the Save for Housing scheme, 300 within the framework of the slum clearance programme to be carried out by the joint Government-Municipal company, and 50 units for persons now living in temporary huts.

Some 600 units are now under construction.

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Notices to the Public

AIR MAIL STAMP ISSUE

The Post Office Management announces that on Wednesday, June 14, 1961, the third regular series (Part 2), airmail stamps of 25, 30 and 35 ag. nominal values, will be issued as will the 50 ag. Development Loan Tenth Anniversary Memorial Stamp.

These stamps will be sold as of this date at all post offices in Israel and at counters of the Philatelic Services, 2 Rehov Pinsker, Tel Aviv, and 12 Sderot Yerushalayim, Tel Aviv-Yafo.

Particulars concerning sale of the new stamps and first-day covers on the day of issue and continuation of sales after the day of issue will be posted on the notice boards in all post offices and postal agencies in Israel.

The airmail stamps and first-day covers were designed by Mrs. Friedel Stern, Tel Aviv. The Development Loan Tenth Anniversary Stamp and first-day covers were designed by M. and G. Shamir, Tel Aviv.



He's a brilliant student... won a travelling scholarship round the world and quickly learned the joy of smoking fine Virginia cigarettes. Back home...



Pure Virginia Tobacco
83 ag. for 20

...Naturally he smokes NELSON!

THE END OF A DICTATOR

Few Dominicans Mourn the Death of Trujillo

By J. HALCRO FERGUSON

LONDON (OFNE). — THE "Old Man" was the nickname given to Generalissimo Rafael Trujillo Molina, self-styled Benefactor and Father of the New Nation, who held power in the Dominican Republic for 31 years.

For all that time his name was almost synonymous with that of his country: its capital, the oldest European-founded city in the Americas — Santo Domingo — had been renamed after him as Ciudad Trujillo, an example of the Benefactor's megalomania. As mayor he had rebuilt the city after a devastating hurricane, and all over the Dominican Republic the Benefactor's name was equally prominent.

Regime of Silence

Trujillo's regime was one of terror and silence. Especially of silence. I have made several visits to Ciudad Trujillo, to the old city of Santiago, to several small towns and villages. In most dictatorial countries I have known, one finds a few people who are willing to criticise the dictator or even to praise him. In the Dominican Republic I found neither, except within the safe walls of foreign embassies.

But his regime achieved something which no other Administration of a Caribbean country had ever done to render a tropical dictatorship dull.

The huge tourist hotels lay empty for a decade. A heavy pall of dreary oppression lay over the country which is unique in my experience and which even the most insensitive tourist could not fail to feel.

For sensitive citizens the situation was even worse. The radio poured forth constant praise of the Benefactor, the ubiquitous television showed him constantly making speeches at unimportant occasions, the controlled Press showed his picture on the front page at least once every day for years, new housing estates bore the proud label "*Obra de Trujillo*" (no credit to the builders) and at the entrance to every town was a ridge in the road to slow down cars so that their licence-numbers and the names and identities of their passengers could be taken down by the soldiery.

But this was only the superficiality of tyranny. Thousands of people found guilty — or suspected — of opposition to the regime were imprisoned. And, allegedly, thousands more were tortured or shot. I have no personal proof of this last, but my information comes from a highly responsible and respectable Latin American Embassy in Ciudad Trujillo with no possible political or other reason to invent such tales. There is ample evidence to support this. And there is no doubt at all that upper class opponents of Trujillo and their wives and families were subjected to infamous indignities last year in Trujillo's prisons when the latter had reason to fear for an attempt on his life. Only the intervention of the Roman Catholic Church saved them from worse fates, and Trujillo was at loggerheads with the local hierarchy from that day until his death.

How is it that such a vicious regime could survive so long among a tolerant, kindly, good-natured Caribbean people? How could the Dominicans, who are largely of Spanish and partly of West African origin (the Benefactor himself had African blood, though he kept quiet about it), put up for so long with a brutal rule so alien to an Afro-Spanish community, and which would never have been borne for any length of time by any of their neighbours?

No Peace in Hispaniola

The answer lies in Santo Domingo's history. The half of the island of Hispaniola which historically bears the name of Santo Domingo had never known peace. Her liberation from Spain in 1804 — a liberation resulting from Spanish neglect rather than Dominican enthusiasm — was followed by an invasion by the newly independent, French-speaking, former African slaves of Haiti — the other half of Hispaniola — which lasted eventually for 22 years. A brief interlude of independence was interrupted by renewed Spanish occupation.

When Santo Domingo finally achieved her independence she had no trained politicians, no statesmen, but only soldiers whose entire lives had been dedicated to fighting the occupier but who had no constructive ideas whatsoever. The result was foreseeable: chaos, tempered by unhappy interventions by the United States Marines.

It is not surprising in the circumstances that when a strong man in the shape of Trujillo took over in 1930 there was a sigh of relief throughout the nation and thousands of responsible Dominicans felt a sense of security.

Few will mourn the Benefactor: he incurred the disapproval, dislike or even hatred of not only a large section of his own people but of the U.S., the Soviet Union and almost the whole of Latin America, which must constitute some kind of record. His play-boy son has taken over command of the Army and Dominicans wait to see what will happen now.

PERSONALITY PROFILE: Dr. German Arciniegas

AMBASSADOR OF COLOMBIA

SPEAKING at a banquet in Tel Aviv the other day, Dr. Frondizi, the Rector of the University of Buenos Aires, mentioned that he had first heard of the kibbutz through an article written by Dr. German Arciniegas. After Dr. Arciniegas' address upon presenting his credentials to President Ben-Zvi last Monday, a high-ranking official of the Foreign Ministry commented that never before on such an occasion had he heard so beautiful a speech. Both remarks can be chalked up to the fact that diplomacy is a temporary sideline in Dr. Arciniegas' life. He is above all a writer, historian, journalist and teacher.



Dr. GERMAN ARCINIEGAS

A peasant's son, he grew up in a village near Bogota, and until his graduation as a lawyer he got up at three every morning to milk the cows. He was eighteen when he wrote his first article for Latin America's best-known newspaper, "El Tiempo," starting an association which has lasted ever since. The publisher, Eduardo Santos, became president of Colombia, and, in 1941 appointed Arciniegas Minister of Education. After a second term in the same position in the first Cabinet of the present President Lleras Camargo, Dr. Arciniegas moved from Colombia to Columbia University in New York, where he taught Latin American literature for 11 years. During this period his country fell prey to a dictator, Rojas Pinilla. Bothered by Arciniegas' letters to the "New York Times" the Colombian government denounced Arciniegas as a Communist, which led, in the heyday of MacCarthyism, to his detention in Ellis Island as he was returning from a trip abroad. The outcry with which the American and Latin American press reacted to this order was an impressive tribute to Arciniegas' popularity and the esteem in which he is held.

So far Arciniegas has published 18 books, the best known of which are a political analysis of Latin America: "Between Freedom and Fear," "Biography of the Caribbean," "The Green Continent," a biography of Amerigo Vespucci and "The Knight of El Dorado."

Stefan Zweig's Help

U.S. publishers are not keen to put out the works of South American writers who, being above all stylists, are considered untranslatable. Arciniegas is one of the few writers who have managed to crash this barrier.

"I owe it to Stefan Zweig," says the tall, bespectacled Ambassador, who speaks slowly and with good humour. "We met in Buenos Aires. He had read a book of mine and said that it deserved to be published in English. I was then Counsellor at our Embassy in Buenos Aires and mentioned this to our Ambassador. He said a Jew wouldn't do anything if he did not get something out of it and suggested that I offer Zweig half of my royalties."

With a sad smile Arciniegas adds: "I did. Zweig, in his immense kindness, did not throw me out. He said, 'One day you will pay me back.' And after the book was published I received a letter from him from Brazil. He asked me for a Colombian passport to save the life of the Belgian painter Van Rujsell, who was held by the Nazis. Of course I complied."

Arciniegas' friendship for Israel dates back to the days when he joined the Colombian Pro-Palestine Committee in 1945. He visited Israel in 1956 and has often written about it in Latin America's most widely read syndicated column. He is also one of the founders of the New York branch of the Israel Iberamerican Institute. Although he resides in Rome, he promises to come to Israel frequently. The official address of his Embassy here is Jerusalem, bringing the number of diplomatic missions in the Capital to six.

BENNO WEISER

Readers' Letters

DEVELOPMENT AREA

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Two months ago, I moved to the development area at Kiryat-Ono-Shikun Ovdim — with my wife and two young children. This is a new area in which the Ministry of Labour has built about 200 apartments, part of which are for new immigrants and part for replacement of sub-standard ma'abara units.

There is no doctor in the vicinity, and no public telephone. If there is need to call a doctor, or any sort of unexpected emergency arises during the night, there is no means of immediate communication. Some of the residents who have been here longer than I report that a public telephone has been promised. In this type of partially isolated community, where a public telephone is an urgent necessity, I cannot understand the delay in installing a public telephone.

ROBERT ELENTRO
Yours, etc.
Kiryat Ono, May 7.

Post Office Replies

The Ministry of Posts approved the installation of two public telephones at Kiryat-Ono some time ago on condition that the Local Council put up the booths for them. The Local Council has not yet complied with this condition and this has delayed the installation of the public telephones.

DANIEL
MOLAD-MENDELSOHN
Public Relations Officer
Ministry of Posts
Jerusalem, June 1.

BOTTLED MILK

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Aluminium seals on milk bottles bear a letter which should denote the day of distribution. I say "should denote" because actually the bottles are post-dated: milk distributed on Fridays bears the letter "ALEPH" which stands for Sunday, while Sunday's milk is marked "BETH" for Monday, etc. This is done in order to enable groceries, etc., to sell their stocks of the day before and I understand the Milk Control Office at the Ministry of Commerce and Industry does not object to this practice — which shows once more how vested interests are more important than the interests of the general public.

I know that there is no harm in keeping bottled milk for one to two days in a refrigerator but I do not think this is a reason for using similar misleading methods.

Yours, etc.
EDITH PEELMUTTER
Tel Aviv, May 2.

"Tnuva" Replies

The letter on the aluminium caps of the milk bottles indicates the date of sale of the milk and not the day when the bottles were filled or distributed.

When the milk reaches the dairies, it goes through a series of tests — quality, pasteurization, cooling, bottling and additional quality tests — before the bottles are put into refrigerated storage at the dairies. The letter indicating the day when the milk should be sold to the consumer is stamped on the cap during this process of bottling. The preparation of pasteurized milk for marketing takes many hours and it is therefore generally sent out for marketing on the next day, the letter being stamped on the caps accordingly.

In general, it should be noted that it is not the date indicated which decides the quality of the milk. What matters is how the dairy handles the milk. Milk of superior quality which is stored and handled with proper care from the time it is received by the dairy until it is used, keeps well for several days and can be used without any fear. The responsibility and trustworthiness of the dairy which produces the milk is what counts.

Tnuva Cooperative
Milk Division
Tel Aviv, May 15.

PEN FRIENDS

PETER PHILIPP, 17a Mannheim-Almenhof, Niederfeldstr. 28, Germany, is one of a group of schoolboys in Germany who are voluntarily learning Hebrew and who would like to correspond in English or German with Israel boys or girls of their age — 16 and 17 years old.

Mr. C. JACOBS, 38, of Grote-Visserystr. 119, Rotterdam 7, Holland, married and the father of two little girls, has to live a quiet life because of former illnesses. His main interest is to have good friends in other countries with whom to correspond, in English, German or Dutch.

MRS. G. R. SIMPSON, Dingle Dell, Blue Quin Lane, Nilgiris, South India, is very eager to exchange stamps with an Israeli; she has learned of the stamp issues in Israel from reading the publication "News from Israel," issued in Bombay by the Israel Consul General. She is very interested in stamps depicting animals, flowers, fruits, etc.

NATURE NOTES:

WISE MOTHERS

THAT cat mothers will patiently nurse and groom kittens not their own is a fact I have often watched myself, especially in the yard of a neighbour who kept a dozen she-cats. The kittens could not find their own mother, or mistook another for their own, and were never turned away. But the following story, just now told me by a neighbour who is absolutely reliable, is a new one to me. She has three cats, one of which has been ailing for years, and which for that reason rarely had kittens. Recently my neighbour noticed, to her sorrow, that the cat was pregnant, and, yesterday, the beast becoming very restless in the evening, she prepared a bed for her in a basket. In the morning she went to see, first thing, about the lying-in, and was most startled to find the basket empty. She found the mother on her usual cushion in her corner, but though she had evidently had the kittens, these were not with her. Puzzled, my neighbour had a look round the house, and what did she find: her black cat, who ten days before had had kittens (of whom only one had been left with her, which already had its eyes open), was now suckling five more newborn ones, together with her own!

Whatever happened that night, the sick cat evidently knew she had no milk and no strength for her young, and either she had carried them to the other room for her friend to adopt, or possibly she had borne them, on the other mother's cushion, for her. Now wasn't that clever of her! She is in bad shape, I hear, but in any case she saved her young.

P.A.

IN MEMORIAM: Binyamin Mintz

ORTHODOX LEADER IN PRACTICAL ZIONISM

I FIRST met Binyamin Mintz in Warsaw more than 30 years ago, when he came to Poland on a visit from Palestine. He was a young man of dark, shrewd eyes and aristocratic mien, adorned with a black, patriarchal beard. Already then Zionist headquarters in Warsaw were abuzz about the important national mission of Binyamin Mintz, Palestine correspondent of "Dos Yiddishe Togbiatt," the organ of Polish Agudat Yisrael.

Binyamin Mintz wrote courageously and enthusiastically about the Yishuv and the building of the country, frequently rousing the ire of the zealots in the Aguda who were opposed to the modern Yishuv, the Jewish Agency and the Va'ad Leumi and dreamt of a continuation of the life based on charity boxes. Eventually he succeeded in influencing ultra-Orthodox circles, particularly those close to the Hassidic court of the Rabbi of Gur whose adherent he was, to adopt a more favourable attitude to, and participate personally in, the building of the ancestral homeland.

In Palestine Mintz not only was an outstanding Zionist publicist but also set about organizing Orthodox youth, going on to become leader of the Aguda labour wing, the Poalei Agudat Yisrael. While the Aguda leaders boycotted the Zionist institutions and funds, Mintz led the P.A.Y. into the framework of the organized Yishuv, and under his influence a number of P.A.Y. settlements were established on Jewish National Fund land. Later on he even became a regular contributor to the Histadrut organ, "Davar."

Rescue Activities

When World War Two broke out and the Germans overran Europe, Binyamin Mintz set about rousing the Yishuv to rescue activity. When the first intimations of the spreading Holocaust reached Palestine, he called a press conference at the Journalists Club in 27 Sderot Rothschild and pleaded with his colleagues to act in the face of the impending annihilation of European Jewry.

When Haim Barlass, head of the Jewish Immigration Office in Constantinople, returned to Palestine with the news that the Nazis had begun to implement their "final solution of the Jewish problem," Mintz organized a protest march of Palestinian journalists from Tel Aviv to the High Commissioner's residence in Jerusalem, to demand that the gates of Palestine be opened to the hunted and tormented Jews of occupied Europe. The march was thwarted by the British C.I.D.

Together with Azriel Carlebach, Gedalia Zakiff, Yehuda Mozes — of blessed memory — and myself, Mintz was a founder of the afternoon daily, "Yediot Aharonot." Soon, however, he became so immersed in the activities of the Rescue Committee, of which he was an initiator, that he withdrew from the paper as an active contributor.

In his last years he had ceased altogether his newspaper activities, except for writing editorials in the P.A.Y. organ, "She'arim." In this period, he assumed unquestioned leadership of the P.A.Y., and continued to fight within the ranks of the parent Aguda organization for full participation in the life of the State, playing a decisive role in bringing the Aguda and its leader, Rabbi Yitzhak Meir Levin, into the Government.

Aguda Rift

Towards the end, a sharp conflict erupted between the Aguda, led by Rabbi Levin, and P.A.Y. under Mintz's leadership. The parties split irrevocably when over the bitter opposition of the Aguda and ultra-Orthodox and Hassidic circles led by the Rabbi of Gur, the P.A.Y. entered the Government last year and Mintz became Minister of Posts.

Only a few weeks ago Mintz became convinced of the necessity of some sort of merger between the P.A.Y. and the National Religious Party. But he died before the talks between the leaders of the two parties could bear any fruit.

The family of Israeli journalists joins the Mintz family and his political followers in mourning the death of this warm, gentle, good-hearted lover of his fellow men.

MOSHE RON

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 256.4, 249 & 220 M.

News: Hebrew: 8.05, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m. **English**: 2.00 p.m. **French**: 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.15 Musical Clock. 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock (R). 6.58 Programme Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. Programme Announcements. 11.01 Popular Concert: Wolf-Ferrari: Overture "La Dama Boba"; Litolff: Scherzo from Concerto Symphonic No. 4 (Soloist: Clifford Curzon (Piano). Conductor: Sir Adrian Boult); De Falla: "The Three Cornered Hat" Ballet Suite; Karel Salomon: Fantasy on a "Ali Beer," by Sara Levy, for String Orchestra. (Conductor: Georg Singer); Hellmesberger: "The Devil's Dance." 12.00 Women's Programme. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.45 Where To Go? 2.30 Close Down.

4.59 Opening. 5.05 Programme Announcements. 5.06 Chess Corner. 5.15 Children's Corner. 5.30 "Popular Chamber Music" Diabelli: Trio for Flute, Viola and Guitar (Soloists: Paul Birkelund (Flute), Richard Dahl Eriksen (Viola), Ulrik Neumann (Guitar); Mendelssohn: Scherzo and Andante from String Quartet in E-minor Opus 44; Haydn: Trio No. 6 in D-major for Flute, Violin and Cello. (Soloists: Paul Birkelund (Flute), Arno Karecki (Violin), Alf Peterson (Cello). 6.00 Talmud Lesson. 6.20 Just Bjorling (Tenor). 6.30 Youth Corner. 6.57 Daily News Service for the Agriculturalist. 7.15 Eichmann Trial Report. 7.50 Cantoral Request Programme. 8.20 New Records of Hebrew Songs. 8.50 Bible Reading. T'hilim, chaps. 95 & 96. 9.10 Spot Announcement. 9.11 The Kol Yisrael Symphony Orchestra. Conductor: Yahli Wagman. Soloist: Israela Margalith (Piano). Weber: Overture, "Oberon"; Tchaikovsky: Piano Concerto No. 1 in E flat Minor: — Intermission ... Yoffe: Divertimento (First Performance); Khatchaturian: Excerpts from Ballet Suite "Gaineh." 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
499, 292.7 & 422.5 M.

Commercial Programme: 3.30 p.m. Opening. 4.00 Programme for Tourists, presented by Yehuda Lev. 5.00 News. 5.05 Announcements. 5.06 Tunes & Melodies. 5.45 Oriental Request Programme. 6.00 "From the Newsroom." 6.03 Requests (cont.). 6.15 Light Music Quiz. 6.40 Sport. 6.55 "From the Newsroom." 6.57 The Stock Market. 6.59 Close Down.

9.30 Opening. 9.31 Stars of the Evening. 10.00 "From the Newsroom." 10.02 Jazz. 10.32 Quiet Tunes. 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
407 & 41.7 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.28-7.15 a.m., 1.30-2.15, 5.28-11.15 p.m.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 and 235 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Songs at your Request. 6.35 Tune and Rhythm. 6.55 Readings from The Portion of the Week. 7.00 News. 7.10 Light Music. 7.30 Programme for the Recruits. 8.00 "The Voice of the Instrument." 8.30 "Army's Diary." 8.45 "Intermezzo." 9.00 News. 9.15 Musical Show. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS: 19.44, 16.77 & 13.80 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Mid-Week Magazine.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 p.m. News in Easy Hebrew. 7.15 Rumanian. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Hebrew Lesson. 8.10 News in Hungarian. 8.20 News in Polish. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in French. 9.15 News in English.

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MARGINAL COMMENT

WHAT PRICE A VOTE?

By Nissim Rejwan

BETWEEN the idea/and the reality,' writes T.S. Eliot in one of his poems, "falls the shadow" — and it is a very heavy shadow indeed that falls between the abstract ideas of what is called Mapam's Arab Policy and its everyday realities. The tenets and presuppositions of this policy are widely known and need not concern us here. What does strike one as rather pitiable is the extent to which the lofty idealism which informs this policy has been allowed to degenerate in the very attempt to put it into practice.

Now that we face new elections, the decline is as steep as ever. It seems that Mapam's substantial gains in the Arab sector in the 1959 elections have raised hopes that the success can be repeated, or even enhanced. One of the manifestations of this optimism is the decision of Mapam's Arab department to turn "Al-Mirsad," its weekly Arabic organ, into a daily.

The campaign is now in full swing, and the targets are fixed. Besides Mapai, whose responsibility for the existing regime makes it an easy target for attack, the whipping-boy seems to be the Communist Party, whose defeat in the last elections provided the main source of Mapam's gains in the Arab sector.

*

THE methods employed in this campaign are not always of the cleanest: double-talk is the order of the day. In their attempt to discredit the Communists, Mapam spokesmen use two sets of charges — one meant for the Jewish and the other for the Arab voter. In its issue of June 1, for instance, "Al Hamishmar" carried a story with the title: "Unbridled Incitement against Zionism and Mapam by the Communist Party in the Arab Sector; Speaks in Another Language to its Jewish Members." In it, the Communist Party, is accused of the cardinal sin of "hypocrisy:" while to the Jews of Israel it says that the Communists are willing to cooperate with Mapam **despite the two parties' different attitude towards Zionism**, its Arabic organ "Al Ittihad" condemns Zionism and "Zionist Parties from Mapam to Herut." This seemingly startling "discovery" is made the occasion for a bitter condemnation of the Communist Party, which is further taken to task for showing great dislike of Mapam's new Arabic daily.

*

NOW there is hardly anything new about the Communists' condemnation of Zionism; it is all there in Stalin's writings and in the more recent pronouncements of his successor, and no Communist worthy of the name should be expected to think or behave otherwise be he an Arab or a Jew. One even fails to find any "hypocrisy" in the fact that the Communists should be willing to take a common stand with Mapam "on the most fundamental and pressing of the issues confronting the country and the (working) class."

*

ABOUT the same time as "Al Hamishmar" was waging its attack against the Communists, another campaign against them was being conducted by "Al Mirsad." But whereas for Mapam's Hebrew organ the Communists' chief drawback was their anti-Zionist agitation, for its Arabic daily their real offence was their anti-Nasserist stand. Needless to say, this part of Mapam's anti-Communist drive takes a good deal of subtlety and care to conduct. The "Al Hamishmar" report about the Communists' incitement against Zionism, for instance, must not be published in "Al-Mirsad," whose editors seem to think that to call the Communists anti-Zionist would in the circumstances make the C.P. more, not less, creditable in the reader's eye!

*

ANY keen reader of "Al-Mirsad" can easily discern the subtle game played by its editors. For four days running last week, for example, it carried items relating either to Arab Communist attacks against Nasser and the UAR authorities or to Egyptian and Syrian attacks on the Communists. On May 30, Bakdash's condemnation of the Egypt-Syria merger was given prominence with this provocative title: "Bakdash: The Syria-Egypt Union Went Bankrupt;" the next day, the charge levelled by the Lebanese Communists against the Syrian security authorities for allegedly causing the death of their leader Farajallah al-Hilu was given first place on Page One: "The Lebanese Communist Party: The Agents of Dictatorship Killed our Leader." And so on. The idea is to show readers that whatever they may say about the Arab nationalist movement and their attachment to it the Communists are in fact no more than mean anti-Nasserists!

*

ALL this must look a very complicated game, and a summary would perhaps be in place. Well, then: to the Jew, Mapam says that the Communists are anti-Zionist and should therefore not get his vote; to the Arab it says that they are anti-Nasserist and therefore anti-Arab nationalist and unworthy of his vote. The Communists, in turn, take pains to explain to their Arab reader that Mapam is merely a Zionist party like all other Zionist parties and that it would therefore be criminal to give it his vote! Mapam's tragedy, of course, is that it is too often willing implicitly to deny its Zionism in order to gain the Arab vote. No price is too great, it would seem.

Tel Aviv, June 6.

YESTERDAY'S PRESS:

ALLEGED DEAL

Davar (Histadrut) calls it a disgrace that a number of the local papers "alighted like vultures" on the alleged German resale of Israeli arms to Portugal without taking the trouble to examine the credibility of the report and maintains that this was done only in order to besmirch the Government on election eve.

Hamodia (World Aguda), though it carries the Government statement on the affair, chooses to ignore its implications and editorially argues that while we can claim that Portugal, which is busy putting down the insurrection in Angola, could obtain arms from any quarter it wished, this is not enough to dispel the impression that we are ever ready to become implicated in any adventure because our authorities are keen on firmly establishing our arms industry. But the Africans will not blame the Germans; the Israel Uzi symbolizes Israel's strength, and is being used in their eyes against their brothers in Angola.

Haboker (Liberal) explains that it has refrained from charging Mr. Ben-Gurion with planning his trip with an eye to the elections because as far as the world is concerned he represents Israel. What is beyond Haboker's ken is why Mr. Kennedy had to send "reassuring" notes to a number of Arab countries ten days prior to Mr. Ben-Gurion's arrival.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) raps Davar's editorial on Sunday for chiding Mapam "which so bemoans the loss of the pioneering spirit in this country" as to fail to realize the momentousness of the opening up of the Arad region to settlement. The Mapam paper explains that the sponsors of the cornerstone-laying ceremony were all Mapai men and the entire event was designed to give the impression that it was Mapai who had the vision to do big things while the others indulged in pettifoggery. The real fact is that it was the Ministry of Development, led by a Mapam Minister, that first proposed the establishment of the city of Arad a number of years ago. But the idea was turned down by the Treasury. Now Davar would make it appear that Mapai's vision and boldness have made the new enterprise possible while Mapam is busy "dealing with petty accounts." Is this hypocrisy, cynicism or just plain dullness?

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